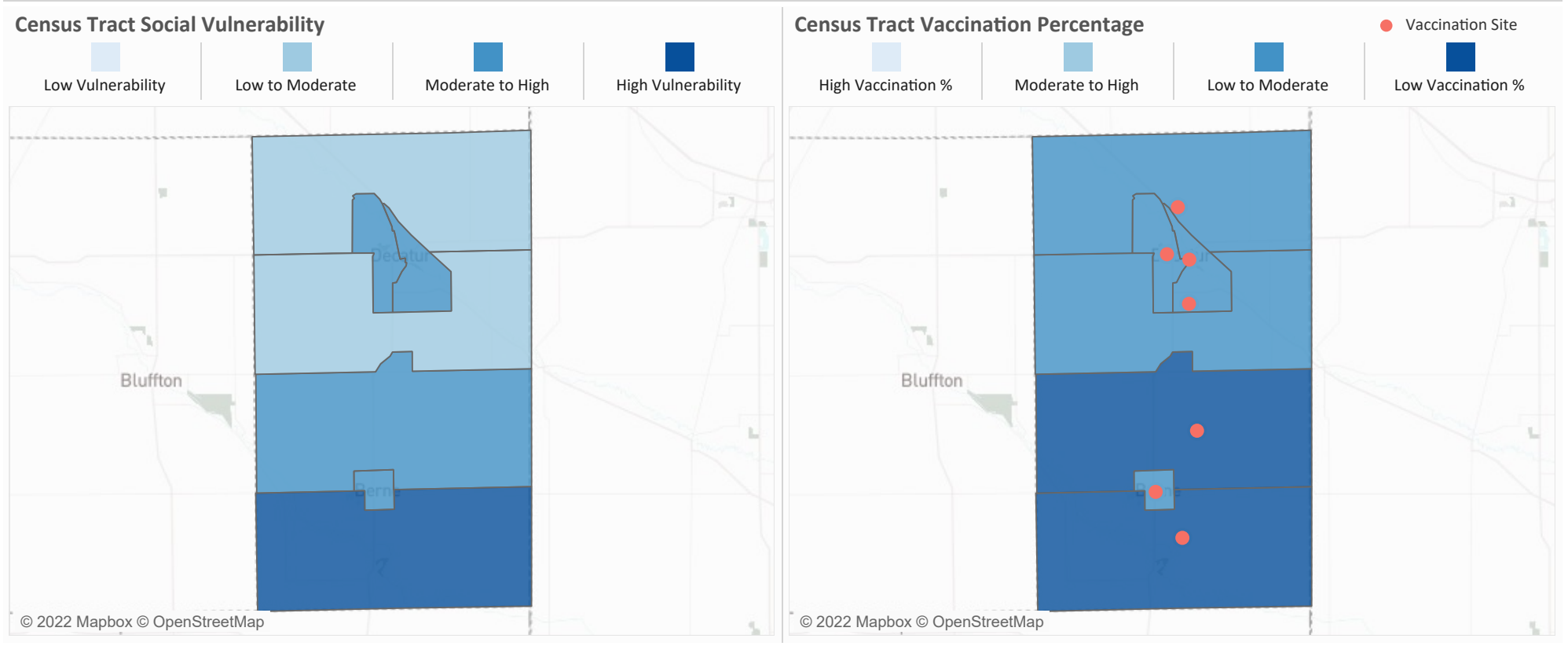


This tool provides a weekly snapshot of a county's updated COVID-19 vaccination statistics to help identify where vaccination outreach opportunities and planning efforts should be focused.

| | | | |
|--|--|---|---|
| Fully Vaccinated Total 12,330 | Fully Vaccinated Percentage 38% | Fully Vaccinated Females 6,580 (40%) | Fully Vaccinated Males 5,745 (36%) |
|--|--|---|---|



Fully Vaccinated by Ethnicity

| | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Hispanic or Latino 491 (33%) | | Not Hispanic or Latino 11,615 (38%) | |
| Females Hispanic or Latino 226 (31%) | Males Hispanic or Latino 265 (34%) | Females Not Hispanic or Latino 6,255 (40%) | Males Not Hispanic or Latino 5,360 (35%) |

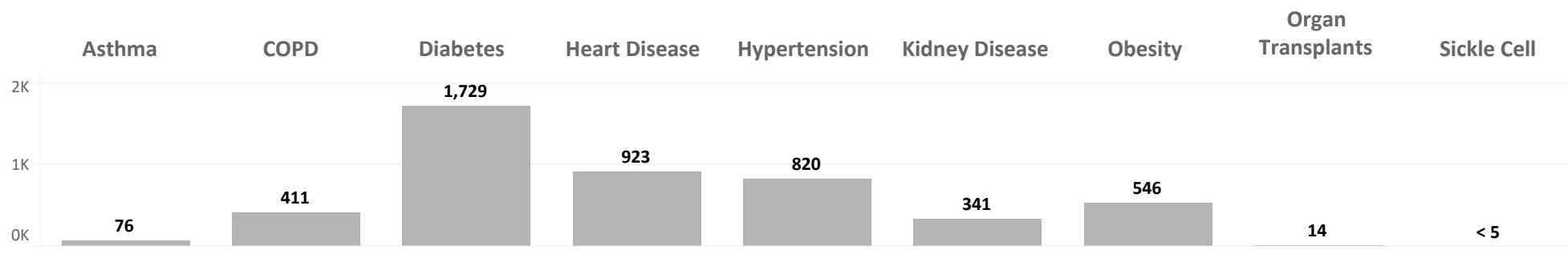
Fully Vaccinated by Race

| | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------------------------|
| White 11,685 (37%) | | Black or African American 85 (47%) | | Asian 88 (67%) | | Other Race 459 (95%+) | |
| Females 6,256 (39%) | Males 5,425 (34%) | Females 40 (49%) | Males 46 (47%) | Females 54 (86%) | Males 35 (51%) | Females 227 (95%+) | Males 232 (95%+) |

Vaccinated by Age and Race

| | | 0-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35-39 | 40-44 | 45-49 | 50-54 | 55-59 | 60-64 | 65-69 | 70-74 | 75-79 | 80-84 | 85+ | |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| White | Females | < 5% | < 5% | 7% | 22% | 32% | 23% | 34% | 32% | 41% | 42% | 53% | 61% | 68% | 85% | 88% | 92% | 83% | 61% | |
| | Males | < 5% | < 5% | 7% | 17% | 25% | 22% | 31% | 29% | 34% | 37% | 44% | 56% | 66% | 84% | 86% | 86% | 94% | 72% | |
| Black or African American | Females | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | 60% | 86% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | 95%+ | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | |
| | Males | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | 95%+ | 78% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | 95%+ | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | |
| Asian | Females | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | 88% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | < 5% | 95%+ | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | |
| | Males | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | 95%+ | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | < 5% | |
| Other Race | Females | < 5% | < 5% | 39% | 58% | 95%+ | 83% | 95%+ | 73% | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | |
| | Males | < 5% | < 5% | 23% | 31% | 78% | 75% | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | 95%+ | < 5% | < 5% |
| Hispanic or Latino | Females | < 5% | < 5% | 17% | 30% | 40% | 15% | 36% | 26% | 33% | 46% | 56% | 48% | 67% | 59% | 77% | 95%+ | < 5% | 60% | |
| | Males | < 5% | < 5% | 12% | 18% | 24% | 18% | 34% | 39% | 56% | 42% | 88% | 88% | 77% | 89% | 84% | 95%+ | < 5% | < 5% | |
| Not Hispanic or Latino | Females | < 5% | < 5% | 7% | 22% | 33% | 24% | 35% | 33% | 43% | 42% | 54% | 62% | 70% | 88% | 89% | 93% | 84% | 61% | |
| | Males | < 5% | < 5% | 7% | 17% | 26% | 23% | 32% | 30% | 34% | 38% | 44% | 57% | 67% | 84% | 87% | 84% | 94% | 70% | |
| | | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% | 25% 75% |

Conditions for Fully Vaccinated



Centers for Disease Control and Prevention/ Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry/ Geospatial Research, Analysis, and Services Program. CDC/ATSDR Social Vulnerability Index 2018 Database Indiana. https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/placeandhealth/svi/data_documentation_download.html Accessed on 22 April 2021.

For more information, please contact the CDC/ATSDR SVI Coordinator (svi_coordinator@cdc.gov).

U.S. Census Bureau. "Annual County Resident Population Estimates by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2019 (CC-EST2019-ALLDATA) - Indiana" <https://www2.census.gov/programs-surveys/popest/datasets/2010-2019/counties/asrh/cc-est2019-alldata-18.csv> Accessed 22 April 2021.

*Census Tract Social Vulnerability

Socially vulnerable populations are especially at risk during public health emergencies because of factors like socioeconomic status, household composition, minority status, or housing type and transportation (https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/placeandhealth/svi/at-a-glance_svi.html). People living in areas showing high vulnerability are more likely to face barriers that make it difficult to get vaccinated than people living in areas showing low vulnerability.

This report was prepared by the Indiana Health Information Exchange at the direction of and in collaboration with the Indiana Department of Health. Data for this project originates from the Indiana Network for Patient Care data providers and related public health data resources. This report is provided "as-is" and the Indiana Health Information Exchange and its partners do not guarantee and expressly disclaim all representations and warranties regarding the accuracy of this report. Any use or reliance on this information is at the user's sole risk.